# **Spring Wheat Breeding**

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Reporting period: July 1, 2012 - August 29, 2013

Total project period: (Continuous)
Report type: Annual progress report

### **Research Summary:**

The general objective of this research program is to release new and improved hard red spring wheat cultivars to regional producers in SD, MN, and ND. This objective has been successfully accomplished through the release of five cultivars since 2008 (i.e., 'Brick', 'Select', 'Advance', 'Forefront', and 'Prevail'). Brick is most well-known for its high level of resistance to Fusarium head blight. The remaining four cultivars each possess unique agronomic and end-use quality characteristics, but are all known for their high levels of grain production.

## Introduction:

Specific objectives of this program are to 1). continuously create and evaluate hard red spring wheat germplasm populations for eventual derivation of experimental breeding lines, 2). further evaluate experimental breeding lines for agronomic performance potential, resistance/tolerance to biotic and abiotic stresses, and end-use quality characters through conducting replicated performance trials, and 3). ultimately release a new cultivar at an approximate frequency of one every other year.

# **Description of Accomplishments:**

During this reporting period, 353 unique wheat hybridizations were created. These are known as F<sub>1</sub> populations and should result in the same number of segregating F<sub>2</sub> populations next year. Operations within the program are cyclical and continuous, so that materials from within selected first year segregating populations (i.e., F<sub>2</sub>'s) in 'year x' become F<sub>3</sub> materials which are evaluated in 'year x+1'. Likewise, lines from within selected F<sub>3</sub>'s, evaluated in 'year x+1', are evaluated as F<sub>4</sub>'s in 'year x+2'. During the 2013 growing season, field trial plots of 478 F<sub>2</sub>, 540 F<sub>3</sub>, and 580 F<sub>4</sub> populations were tested for grain yield potential, volume weight, protein content, Fusarium head blight resistance, and some enduse quality characteristics. At the end of 'year x+2', focus then shifts from within segregating populations to individual experimental breeding lines by harvesting grain from 72 F<sub>4</sub> plots for continued evaluation as Preliminary Yield Trial (PYT) entries. Lines are tested as PYT entries, grown at seven locations throughout the SD spring wheat production region, for a single year. During the 2013 growing season, 72 entries were evaluated. Upon PYT examination each year, several lines are chosen for perpetuation as Advanced Yield Trial entries. Typically, AYT entries are examined for three or four years prior to release as a cultivar. During each year, poorly performing AYT entries are removed from consideration. This allows for new entries to be admitted each year. In 2013, 37 lines were tested along with 11 check cultivars. Trials were grown in nine SD locations, two in ND, and as part of a collaborative research agreement with a European seed company, one location in England. Lines in the AYT are tested for grain yield potential, volume weight, protein

content, Fusarium head blight and other disease resistance, and many end-use quality characteristics. Comparisons over years and locations are made with respect to the check cultivars. When line performance over two or three years suggests there is potential for consideration as a cultivar release, steps are initiated for more wide-spread agronomic testing, usually via SDSU Crop Performance Testing, and seed increase which takes place in conjunction with SD Foundation Seed Stocks Division. As of fall 2013, six experimental breeding lines are in various stages of seed increase.

## **Projections:**

During fall 2013 the advanced experimental breeding line SD4178 was proposed for release as a new cultivar, named 'Prevail', to Certified seed growers for the 2014 growing season. Official release through the SD Agricultural Experiment Station is anticipated. Another advanced experimental breeding line, SD4362, should be proposed for release as a new cultivar in fall 2014. Five additional lines are presently at various stages of increase for potential ensuing release.

## **Publications:**

Basnet, Bhoja R., Karl D. Glover, Amir M. H. Ibrahim, Yang Yen and Shiaoman Chao. 2012. A QTL on chromosome 2DS of 'Sumai 3' increases susceptibility to Fusarium head blight in wheat. Euphytica. 186:91-101.

Rasul, Golam, Gavin D. Humphreys, Jixiang Wu, Anita Brule –Babel, Bourlaye Fofana, and Karl D. Glover. 2012. Evaluation of preharvest sprouting traits in a collection of spring wheat germplasm using genotype and genotype Xenvironment interaction model. Plant Breeding. 131:244-251.

Malla, S., A.M.H. Ibrahim, Y. Yen, K.D. Glover, and W. Berzonsky. 2012. Association of Fhb1 and Qfhs.ifa-5A in Spring versus Winter Growth Habits in Bread Wheat (Triticum aestivum L.). Journal of Agricultural Sciences. 1:39-48.

Kandel Y.R., K.D. Glover, C.A. Tande, and L.E. Osborne. 2012. Evaluation of spring wheat germplasm for resistance to bacterial leaf streak caused by Xanthomonas campestris pv. Translucens. Plant Disease. 96:1743-1748.

Wu, Jixiang, Johnie N. Jenkins, Jack C. McCarty, and Karl Glover. 2012. Detecting Epistatic Effects Associated with Cotton Traits by a Modified MDR Approach. Euphytica. 187: 298-301.

Wu, Jixiang, Krishna Bondalapati, Karl Glover, William Berzonsky, Johnie N. Jenkins, and Jack C. McCarty 2013. Genetic analysis without replications: Model evaluation and application in spring wheat. Euphytica. 190: 447-458.

Hossain, K., C. Ulven, K. Glover, F. Ghavami, S. Simsek, M. S. Alamri, A. Kumar, and M. Mergoum 2013. Interdependence of cultivar and environment on fiber composition in wheat bran. Australian Journal od Crop Science. 7: 525-531.

Karki, David, Karl D. Glover, Jeff Fahey, Fathi T. Halaweish, and Amir M.H. Ibrahim. 2013. Variability and Heritability of Grain Extracts in Spring and Winter Wheat grown in South Dakota. J. Crop Improvement. 27:547-560.

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'Forefront' hard red spring wheat – Pending US Plant Variety Protection Certificate Number: 201200422; Date received: 7/23/2012; Date issued: XX/XX/XXXX.

'Advance' hard red spring wheat – Pending US Plant Variety Protection Certificate Number: 201300096; Date received: 2/01/2013; Date issued: XX/XX/XXXX.